

신진학자 워크숍

Annual Symposium of

KIPS 2024

Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning: for Computer Vision

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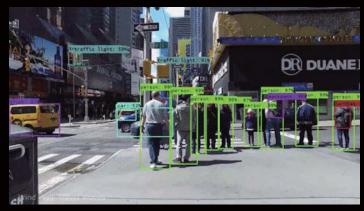
Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning: for Computer Vision

Sungyong Baik May 24th, 2024

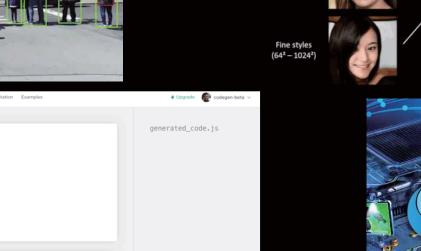
Hanyang University
Department of Data Science

https://dsybaik-hy.github.io

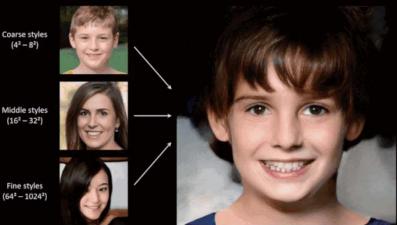
Deep Learning: A lot of breakthroughs



Provide instructions..



OpenAI







Humans can quickly learn new concepts with few examples

Siamese Cat









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Siamese Cat?



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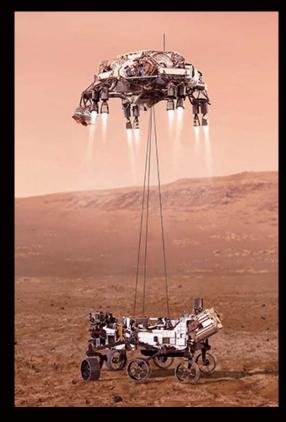
Personal Robot



Medical Imaging



Personalized Education



Robot Navigation



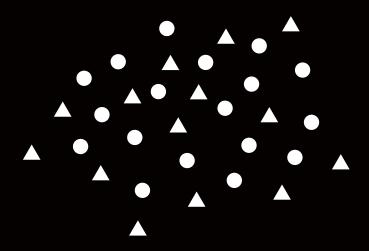
Recommendation System

Robot Navigation

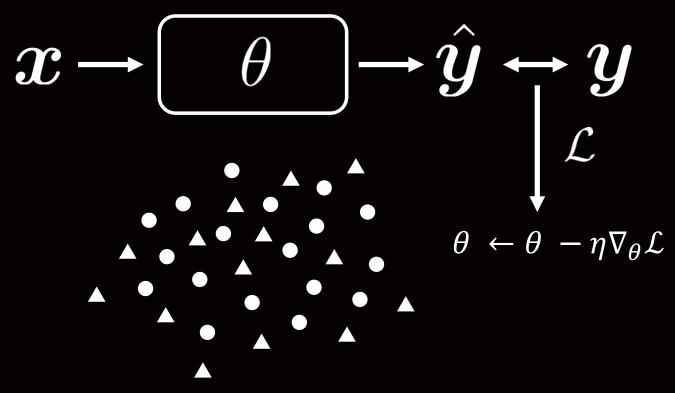


- Standard Supervised Learning:
 - One network for each task
 - A large amount of data for each task

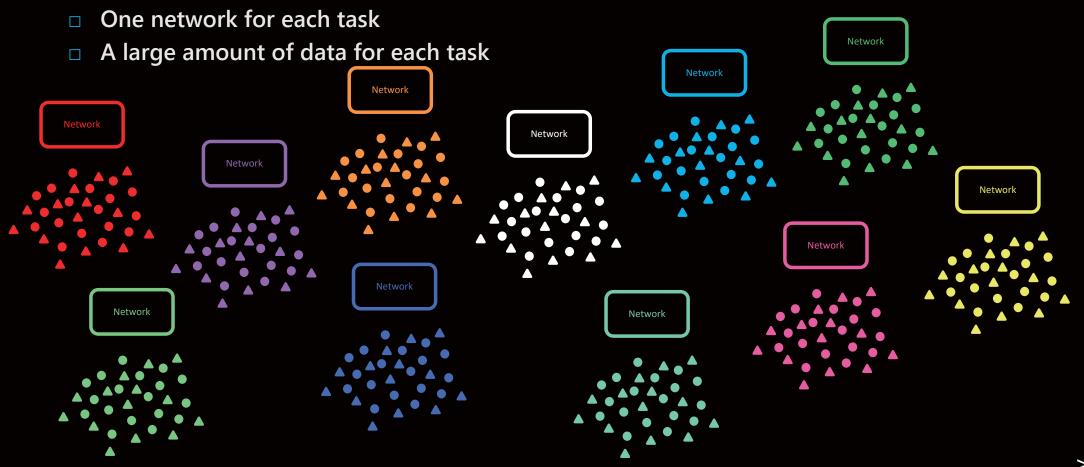
Network



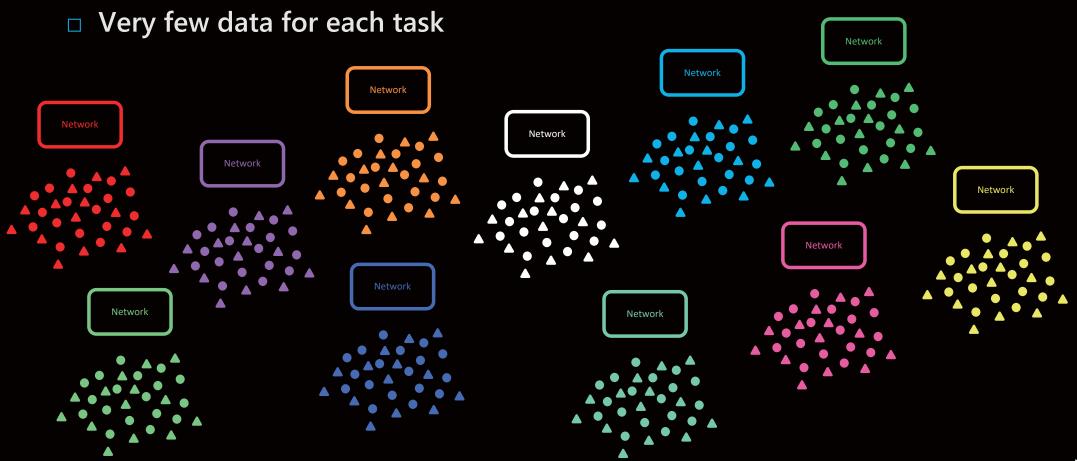
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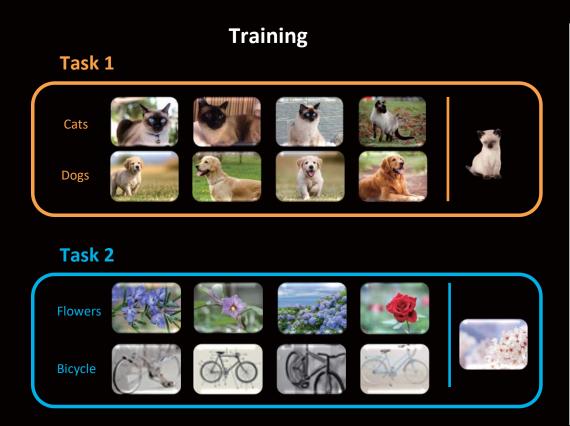
Standard Supervised Learning:



Few-Shot Learning:



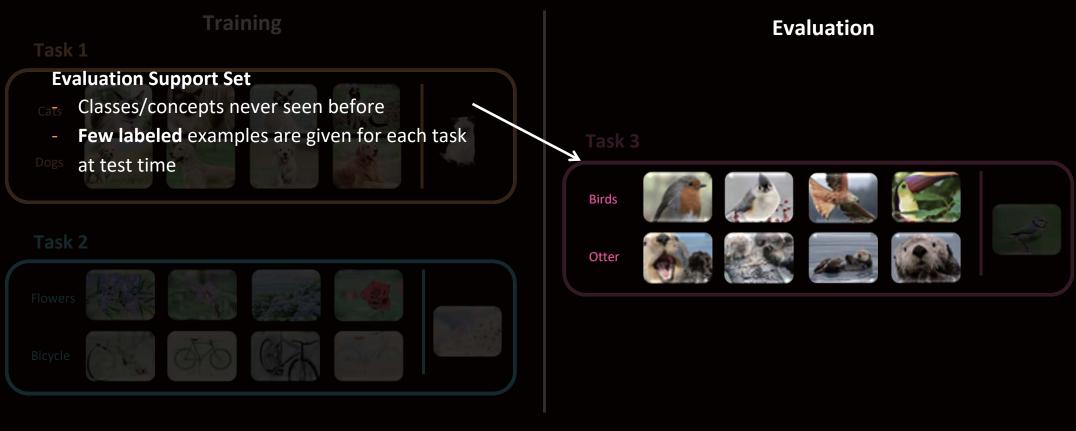
Few-shot learning (episodic) scenario



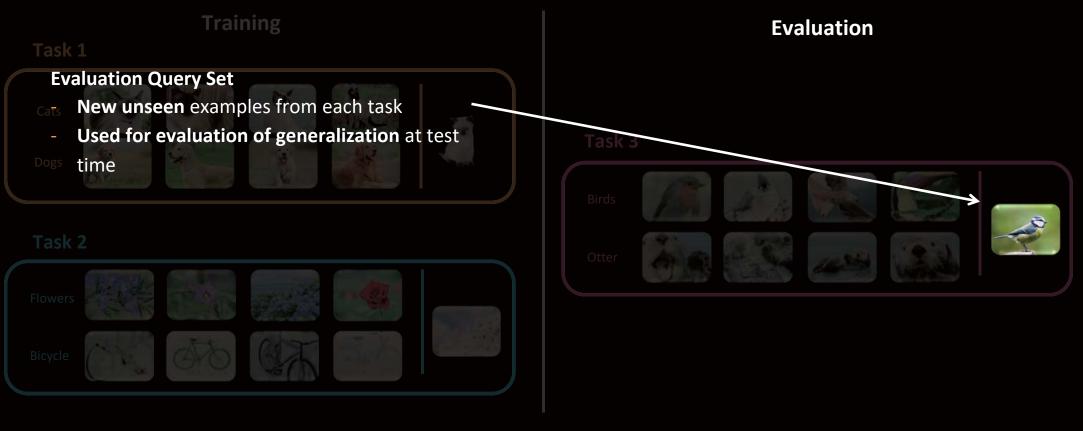
Evaluation



Few-shot learning (episodic) scenario

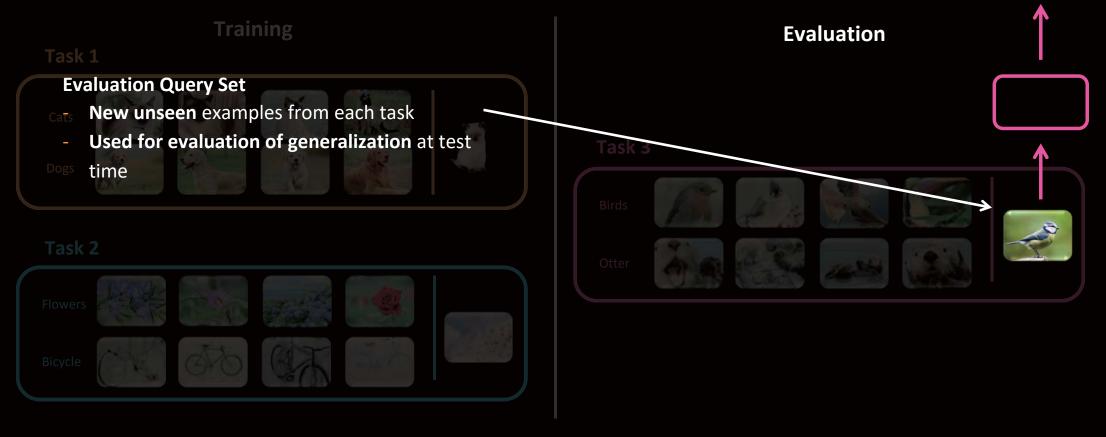


Few-shot learning (episodic) scenario



Few-shot learning (episodic) scenario

Want accurate prediction on unseen example from new task



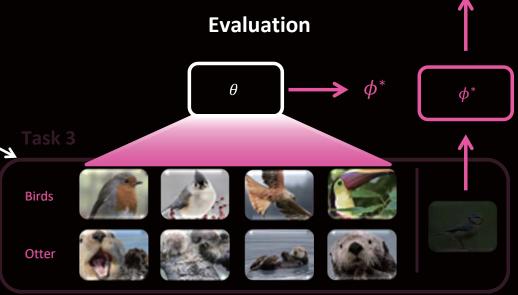
Few-shot learning (episodic) scenario

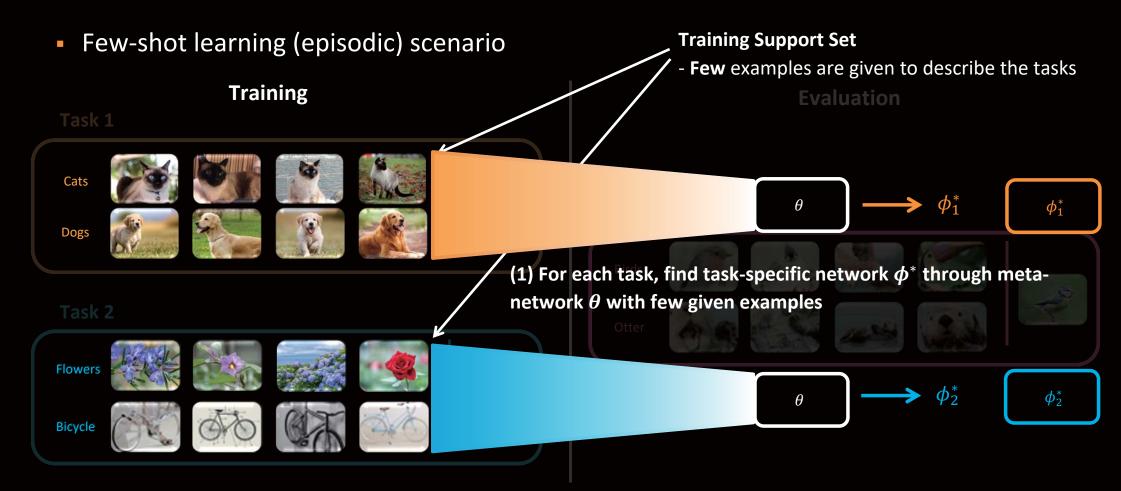
Evaluation Support Set Classes/concepts never seen before **Few labeled** examples are given for each task at test time

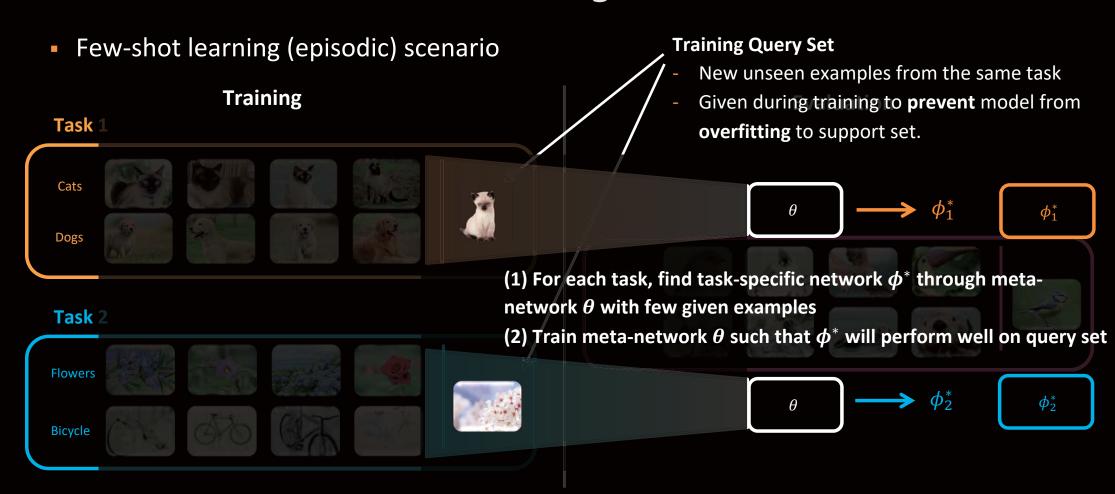


We aim to learn a metamodel that will find the network with few given examples for new task

Want a network to have accurate prediction on unseen example from new task







Previous Solution for Few-Shot Learning?

- Supervised learning from scratch :
 - ☐ Given **few data** may be **not enough**
 - High chance of overfitting
- Supervised learning from pre-trained network:

-> need careful hyperparameter tuning

- When to stop finetuning?
- What about learning rate?
- Can we guarantee generalization?
- Hinder prompt applications

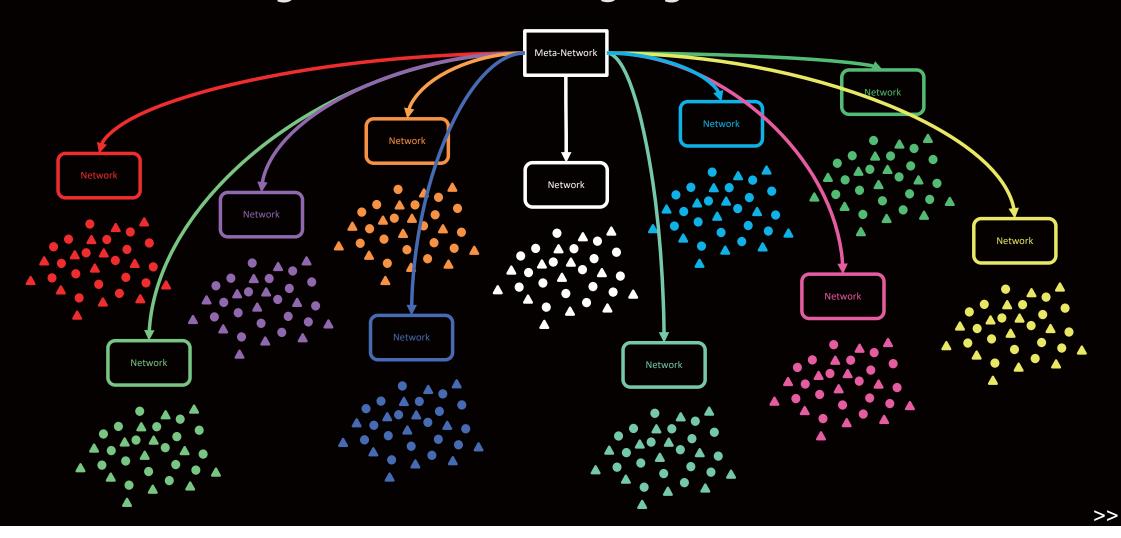
- Meta-Learning for general tasks:
 - Learn an optimization algorithm for each task
 - e.g. hyperparameters

For each task,

- Need long training time
- Assume a lot of data

- Meta-Learning for general tasks:
 Learn an optimization algorithm for each task
 - Need a lot of data & time for each task
- Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning
 Finding a good adaptation process that works for all tasks
 - Utilizes the knowledge shared among different tasks
 - Use the prior knowledge to facilitate adaptation to each task

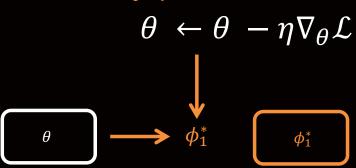
Metavation for fewfohosheadriagning



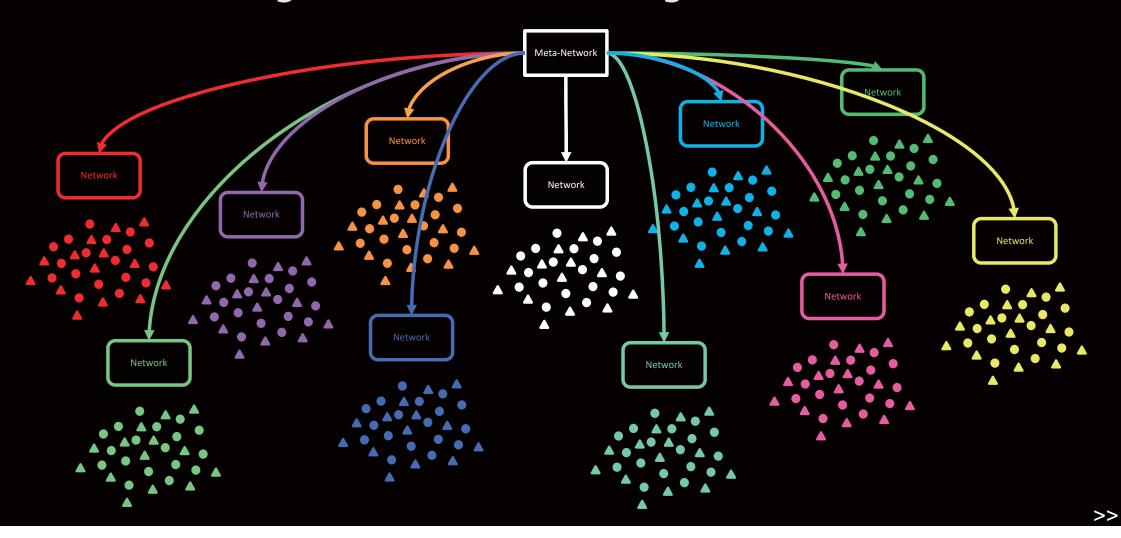
- Meta-Learning
 - □ Learn to share the *prior* knowledge across tasks
 - Learn to use the prior knowledge to quickly adapt to each task
- Metric-based
- Model-based (Blackbox approach)
- Optimization-based

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 - Adjust optimization itself for fast adaptation
 - □ Flexible, generalizable across domains
 - Relatively low performance

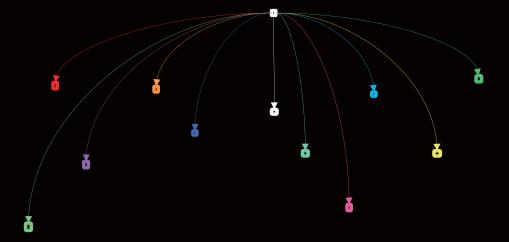
Obtained by optimization



- Meta-Learning
 - Learn to share the *prior* knowledge across tasks
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- One of widely used approaches:
- Model-Agnostic Meta-Learning (MAML)
 - Meta-model: initialization

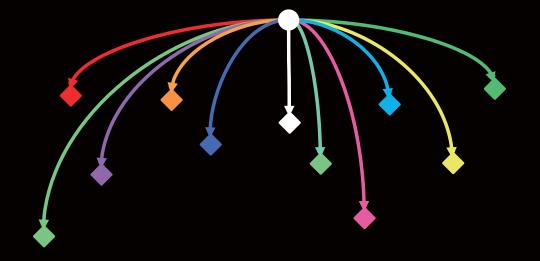


- One of widely used approaches:
- Model-Agnostic Meta-Learning (MAML)
 - Meta-model: initialization
- Optimization process:

$$\theta_i' = \theta - \alpha \, \nabla_{\theta} \mathcal{L}(\theta, \mathcal{D}_i)$$







Adaptation process is *fixed* and *shared* for all tasks

- Tasks are diverse
 - -> each task may prefer different adaptation process

Why Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning?

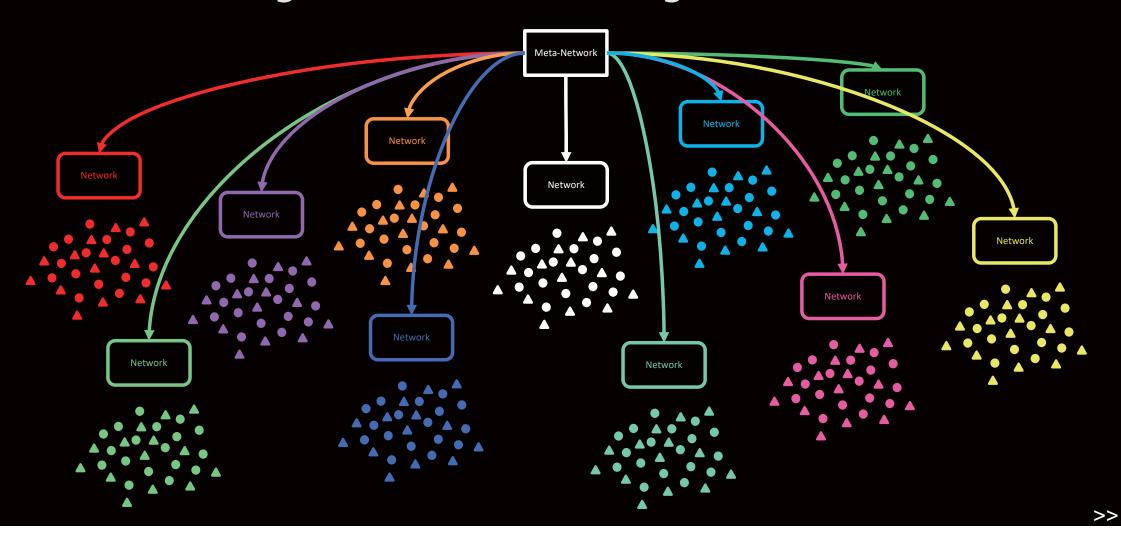
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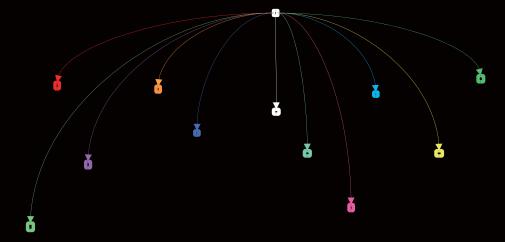
• Main question:

Can we utilize prior knowledge to adapt an adaptation process to each given task?



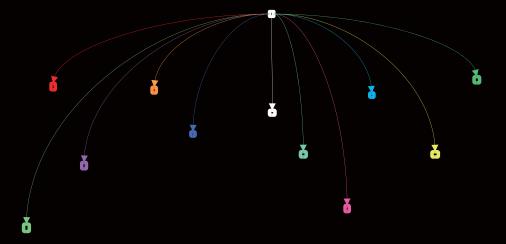
Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning

- Main question:
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Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning

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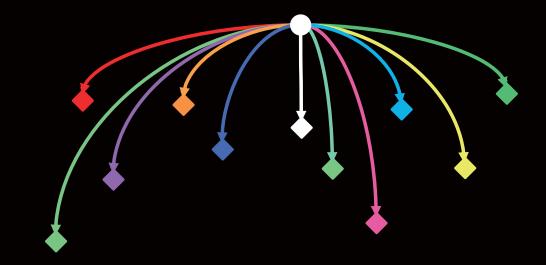


Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning

- Main question:
- adapt optimization to each given task?
- Optimization process:

$$\theta_i' = \theta - \alpha \, \nabla_{\theta} \mathcal{L}(\theta, \mathcal{D}_i)$$

- Initialization
- Loss function
- Update rule



Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning

$$\theta_i' = \theta - \alpha \, \nabla_{\theta} \mathcal{L} \left(\theta, \mathcal{D}_i \right)$$

Task-Adaptive Meta-Learning for Few-Shot Learning

$$\theta_i' = \theta_i - \alpha_i \nabla_{\theta} \mathcal{L}_i(\theta, \mathcal{D}_i)$$

Task-Adaptive Initialization

Task-Adaptive Update Rule

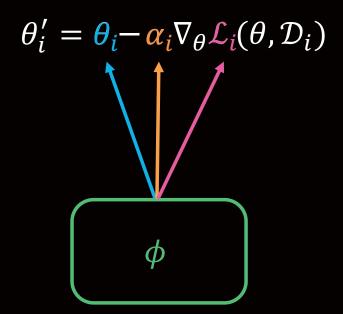
Task-Adaptive Loss Function

Integration & Applications

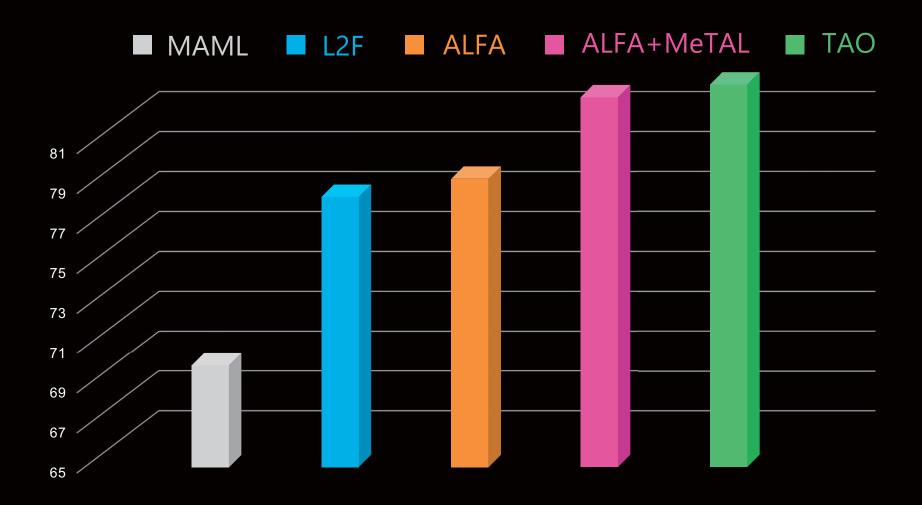
Integration & Applications

Integration

- Task-Adaptive Optimization (TAO)
 - □ Combine all three proposed modules into one



Few-Shot Classification



Computer Vision Applications

- During inference, new test image may provide new information that was not present during training
- Idea: Use meta-learning to adapt the network to new test image
- Challenge: Need to obtain (few) supervision signals meta-learning can use

Computer Vision Applications

- Visual Tracking
 - □ **Goal:** Estimate target object state in consecutive video frames
 - Input: Initial target state, RGB frame image
 - Output: Target bounding boxes in every frame



Given

Estimate

Visual Tracking



TAO

Baseline

- Video Frame Interpolation
 - □ **Goal:** Given low frame-rate input video











- Video Frame Interpolation
 - □ **Goal:** Given low frame-rate input video, synthesize intermediate frames





















- □ **Goal:** Given low frame-rate input video, synthesize intermediate frames
- Idea: Create few-shot examples by lowering input frames
 - \Box (e.g., 30fps \rightarrow 15fps)











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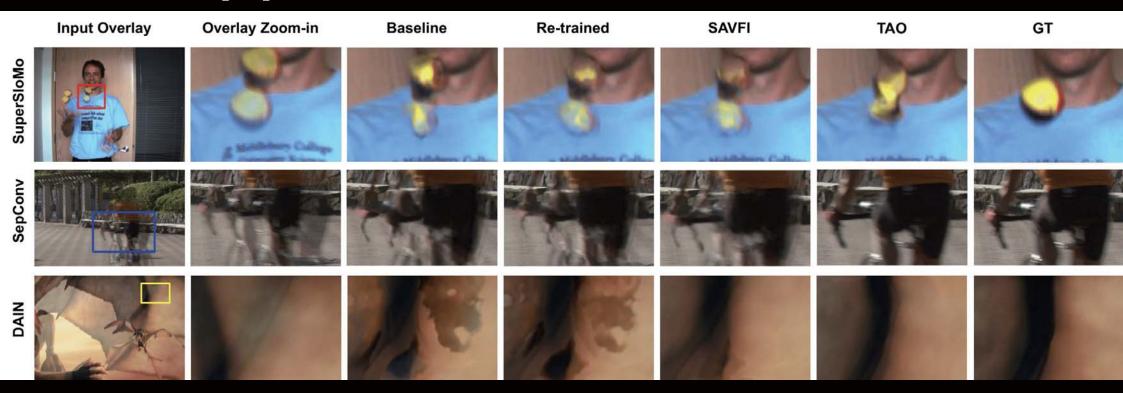








- Video Frame Interpolation
 - □ SAVFI [15]





Mank you

https://dsybaik-hy.github.io